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ventricular assist device (VAD), either as destination therapy or as a bridge to transplant. The cardiovascular operating room (CVOR) experienced a large turnover rate among its surgical

Abstract: The purpose of this poster is to educate not only tenured but new CVOR staff on the basic requirements necessary to care for cardiovascular compromised patients requiring a

technologist, first assist and RN circulators. New staff members had various levels of experience and little to no VAD background knowledge. Being the only VAD program

in the South Texas Region, it was necessary to not only train but quickly educate staff so they were able to assist our surgeons during this procedure and have the knowledge necessary to

In preparation of a Joint Commission survey of the heart program, this poster became one of the tools used to familiarize and educate the staff of the various aspects of our VAD program.

METHODIST HOSPITAL

"Serving Humanity to Honor God"

Heart -- Selection Criteria for Ventricular Assist Device for Bridge to Transplant

ID/version: 4876 / 2 Effective Date: 05/28/2015

SCOPE: Transplant Surgeons and Physicians, Transplant Coordinators, and other members of the Heart Transplant Patient Selection Committee

PURPOSE: To establish guidelines for the appropriate criteria for Ventricular Assist Device (VAD) placement for bridge to transplant candidates. All patients referred to the heart transplant/VAD program will be considered for bridge to transplant VAD placement against the following criteria. Patients must be approved by both the Medical and Surgical Directors as well as by a majority vote of the Selection Committee at the time of the patient care conference. All patients approved for bridge to transplant must also be considered against the heart transplant selection criteria and must be listed on the United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS) transplant wait list prior to implantation

GUIDELINES:

Indications for VAD Support, include:

- 1. Chronic Cardiomyopathy with acute decompensation
- 2. Postpartum Cardiomyopathy
- 3. Acute viral Myocarditis
- 4. Intractable Ventricular Arrhythmias
- 5. Myocardial Infarction complicated by:
- a. Cardiogenic shock b. Ventricular Septal Rupture
- c. Mitral Valve Papillary Muscle Rupture with severe Mitral Regurgitation
- 6. Postcardiotomy Shock 7. Cardiac Contusion

Refactory Criteria:

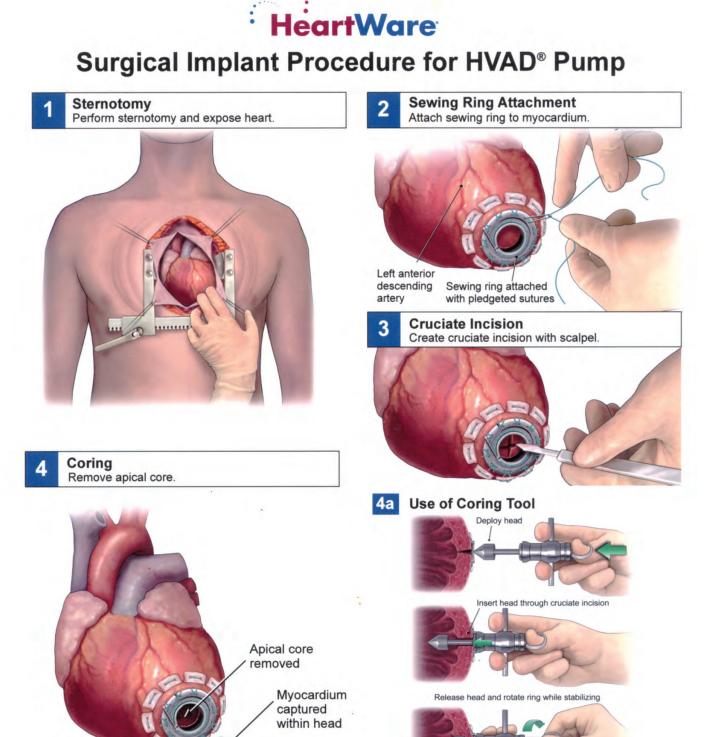
- 1. Heart failure (NYHA) Class IV symptoms despite maximally tolerated medical therapy within last 30 days OR acute Cardiogenic shock refractory to inotropic / Intra-Aortic Balloon Pum
- 2. Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) ≤ 25%; CI ≤ 2.2 l/min; Pulmonary capillary wedge
- pressure (PCWP) ≥ 18 mmHg
- 3. Peak VO2 ≤ 14 ml/kg/min or IV inotrope dependent 4. Body Surface Area (BSA) >1.5m Heartware BSA > 1.3m2 (Heartmate II)
- 5. Eligible for or awaiting cardiac transplantation
- 6. Appropriate nutritional status after consultation with the transplant dietitian
- 7. Psychological clearance either by transplant psychologist and/or transplant social worker 8. Financial clearance, including documented financial counseling from the transplant financial

Exclusion Criteria:

- 2. Pulmonary hypertension, fixed (pulmonary vascular resistance [PVR] > 4 wood units,
- transpulmonary gradient [TPG] > 15 mmHg) (relative)
- 3. Creatinine ≥ 3.5 mg/dl or urine output < 30cc/hr 4. Total bilirubin > 5.0
- 5. Prothrombin time > 16 seconds (uncorrectable)

1. Correctable cause of heart failure

- 6. Respiratory failure due to primary pulmonary disease / Adult respiratory distress
- 7. Mechanical aortic valve (must be oversewn or changed to a bioprosthesis)
- 8. Significant Aortic valve insufficiency or mitral stenosis (unless corrected)
- 10. Severe pheripheral vascular disease
- 11. Stroke < 90 days; internal carotid artery (ICA) stenosis; Impaired cognitive function
- 12. Active malignancy or history of malignancy without low likelihood of reoccurance,
- exceptions must be approved by the Selection Committee 13. Uncorrectable bleeding disorder



Risk Factors for Death with VAD

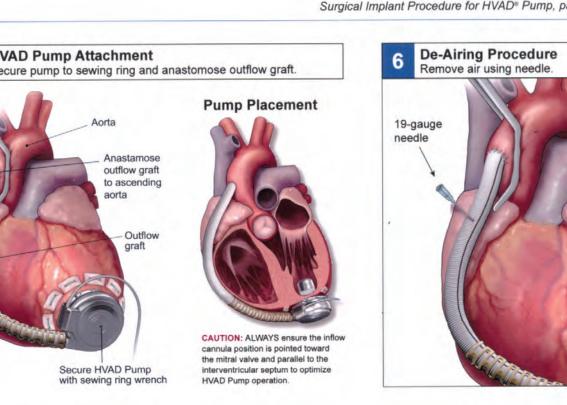
- 1. Respiratory failure / Mechanical Ventilation (RR 3.0)
- 4. Central venous pressure (CVP) > 16 mmHg (RR 3.1)
- 5. Acute Postcardiotomy
- 6. Acute Myocardial Infarction
- 7. Reoperation (respiratory rate [RR] 1.8)
- 8. Leukocyte count > 15,000/ mm3 (RR 1.1)
- 9. Elevated serum creatinine, urine output < 30 cc/hr (RR 3.9) 10. Elevated bilirubin or transaminases > 5 times normal
- 11. Elevated prothrombin time > 16 seconds (RR 2.4)
- 12. Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO)/Cycles per second (CPS)

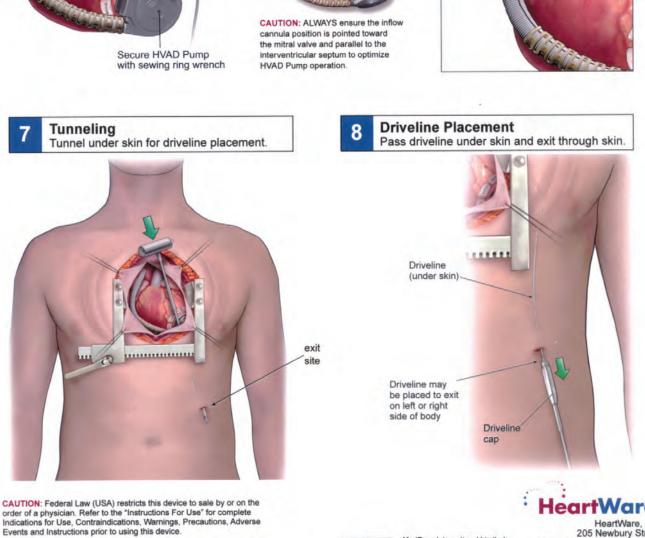
14. Albumin < 3.3

Strategy for Left Ventricular Assist device (LVAD) vs. (IABP) / percutaneous VAD support

- CVP< 20 and PCWP > 25: LVAD

Surgical Implant Procedure for HVAD® Pump, page 2





Bi-Ventricular Assist Device (BiVAD) Support

- CVP > 20: LVAD and temporary right ventricular assist device (RVAD)
- Fever, ARDS, hepatic or renal dysfunction, ventricular arrhythmias, ascites, Right ventricular (RV) infarct or right coronary artery (RCA) disease: BiVAD

REFERENCES:

- Centers for Medicare/Medicad CMS
- Conditions of Participation Disease Specific Thoratec Advanced Practice Guidelines

HearWare

HVAD Outflow Graft, Battery

Charger, Patient Pack,

Controller, Batteries,

Driveline Cables,

HVAD Pump Implant Kit

& HVAD Pump Surgical Tools

identify what a ventricular assist device was and how to be VAD aware.

On the sterile field, fill a basin with 2 liters of 5% Attach the sterile driveline extension cable to the HVAD Pump and pass the distal portion (labeled "Controller") of the cable to the non sterile assistant Clamp the sterile portion of the extension cable to fluid when turned on the sterile field to prevent cable movement. . The Non Sterile Assistant should have the

BACK-UP controller and a charged battery ready

HVAD Pump in the dextrose solution. Fill the HVAD Pun with dextrose and gently rotate the pump in the dextrose to allow any trapped air to escape When HVAD Pump is completely submerged in the sterile basin connect the driveline extension cable to BACK-UP controller. . After 30-60 seconds, stop the pump by disconnecting

the battery and then disconnect the driveline power, either attach the red arlarm adapter, or press and hold the alarm mute and scroll buttons

NOTE: During HVAD Pump wet test, the power should remain < 3 watts.

until a beep is heard, or for at least 5 seconds.

Pre-Implant Test Precautions During the Pre-Implant Test and prior to implantation,

Never turn on the HVAD Pump in air DO NOT use an HVAD Pump that was turned on

Transplant Members TTI vignette medium.jpg **VAD MANUAL VAD SCHEDULE CALENDAR**

Blood from the left ventricle enters the Heart is shown in cross-section

How to find Transplant, VAD and Heartmate Information

----Aorta

ventricle

- 1. Go to MHSCentral 3. In dropdown box, click on
- **Transplant Services**
- 4. Find choices on the right side of the screen and click on the one you wish to open
- Heartmat II LVAD-Thoratec Corporation **Heartmat II LVAS: Patient Management Guidelines**
- IFU & Manuals (USA) Thoratec Corporation Kidney and Pancreas Clinic Schedule.doc LIVING DONOR TRANSPLANT SURGERY SCHEDULE

How to find VAD Manuals and Information

1. Go to MHSCentral

| METHODIST HEALTHCARE | Home | Facilities + Nursin | Departments + Program 2. Click on Departments 3. In dropdown box, click on

Transplant Services

1. Find choices on the right side of the screen and click on the one you wish to open

Transplant Members TTI vignette medium.jpg **VAD MANUAL VAD SCHEDULE CALENDAR**

VAD SCHEDULED?

CALL THE NURSE ADMINISTRATOR ON CALL FOR THE CVOR

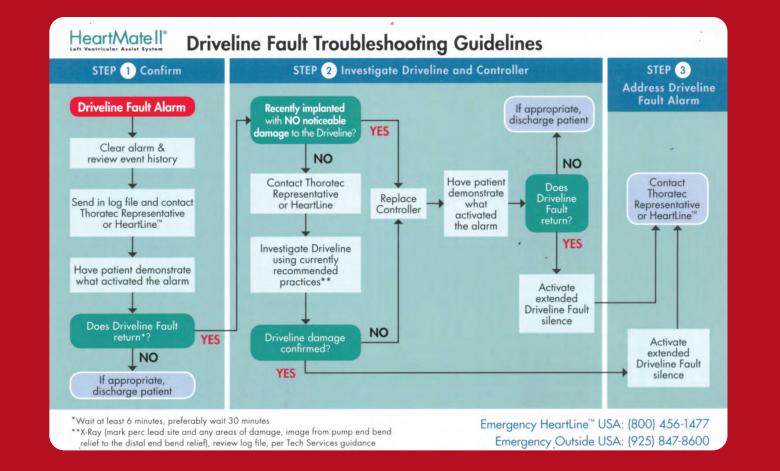
> **THEY WILL CALL: ICU INVOLVED** PRODUCT REP **VAD COORDINATOR**

Thoratec Heartmate II Sealed Outflow Bend Relief Collar



Thoratec Heartmate II LVAS Implant Kit (with sealed graft)

What you need for a heartmate



5 SURGICAL PROCEDURES

Preparing the Pump

- For this task you need:
- 1 HeartMate II Left Ventricular Assist Device with driveline 1 HeartMate II System Controller 1 System Monitor . connected to the Power Module
- 1 Power Module, connected to the System Monitor and plugged into an AC electrical outlet 1 sterile basin with at least 3 liters of Sterile Saline for Injection

Never operate the pump in the air, as this will immediately damage the device. Make sure that the pump is fully submerged.

To PREPARE THE PUMP:

- Examine the outflow elbow of the pump to verify the presence of a white washer. If the white washer is missing or damaged, do not use the pump. Obtain another pump device before
- Fully submerge the pump in a sterile basin with at least 3 liters of Sterile Saline for Injection. Follow the procedure below to run the pump for a minimum of 5 minutes at 6,000 rpm: a. Attach the pump's driveline to the System Controller; confirm that the connection is secure (see Connecting the Driveline to the System
- Controller on page 2-22). Initiate pump speed at 6,000 rpm by pressing the Pump Start button on the Settings screen of the System Monitor. The PUMP OFF message should disaappear.

Heart -- Selection Criteria for Ventricular Assist Device as Destination Therapy

ID/version: 4876 / 2 Effective Date: 05/28/2015

SCOPE: Heart Transplant Surgeons and physicians, Transplant Coordinators, other member of the heart transplant/VAD patient selection committee.

PURPOSE: To establish selection criteria for Ventricular Assist Device (VAD) placement in destination therapy candidates.

POLICY: All patients referred to the heart transplant/VAD program will be considered for destination therapy VAD placement against the following guidelines. Physicians medical judgement will be used when selecting patients for advanced therapies. Patients that are selected as candidates from the following criteria must be approved by both the Medical and Surgical Directors at the time of the patient care conference, or telephonically if implant is semi-emergent, and cannot wait until the next scheduled patient care conference, in order to be offered destination therapy VAD placement

- 2. Patients who have anticipated survival benefit
- 3. LVEF \leq 25%; CI \leq 2.2 l/min; PCWP \geq 18 mmHg 4. Patients with a continued need for inotrope therapy
- 5. Peak VO2 ≤ 14 ml/kg/min unless ballon pump or inotrope dependent or physically unable to
- 6. Patients who have been evaluated for heart transplant and were not selected as candidates 7. BSA \geq 1.3m2 (Heartmate II)
- 8. Appropriate nutritional status after consultation with the transplant dietitian
- 9. Psychological clearance either by transplant psychologist and/or transplant social worker

10. Financial clearance, including long-term financial planning in place regarding device

11. Palliative Care consult

Exclusion Criteria:

- 1. Correctable cause of heart failure
- 2. Age > 75 years- consider on a case by case basis
- 3. Untreated refractory right heart Failure 4. Irreversible renal failure (Creatinine ≥ 2.5 mg/dl or urine output < 30 cc/hr)
- 5. Total bilirubin > 5.0
- 6. Prothrombin time > 16 seconds (uncorrectable)
- 7. Mechanical ventilation / ARDS
- 8. Mechanical aortic valve (unless changed to a bioprosthesis)
- 9. Significant aortic valve insufficiency or mitral stenosis (unless corrected)
- 10. Active systemic infection 11. Severe peripheral vascular disease
- 12. Stroke < 90 days; ICA stenosis; with significant Impaired cognitive function
- 13. Life expectancy < 2 years from non-cardiac causes

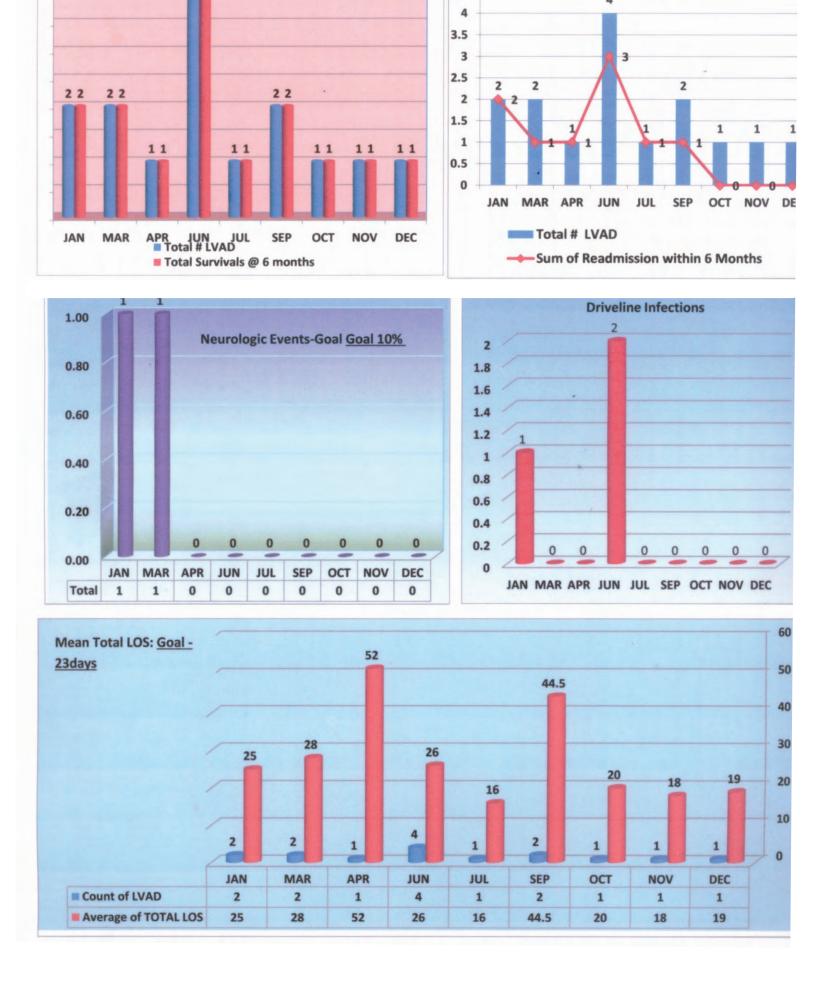
Survival to 6 months post implant -Goal 79%

14. Metastatic cancer- consider on a case by case basis

REFERENCES: Centers for Medicare/Medicaid CMS, Conditions of Participation Disease Specific Thoratec Advanced Practice Guidelines

Who uses these?





"I am VAD Aware!!" means

"I know what products to pull and I know who to call for the help I may need!"